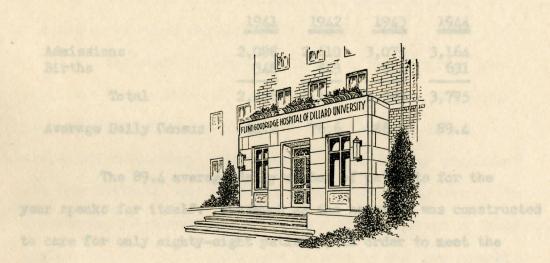
Superintendent's Report 1944

Wineteen Forty-four has provided additional evidence that "the hospital never stands still." The sar years have shown a steady increase and growth in the total survices removed by Flint-Goodridge Rospital.



"In the health of the public lies the wealth of the nation."

- Gladstone

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Nineteen forty-four has provided additional evidence

	1941	1942	1943	1944
Admissions Births	2,088	2,610 543	3,075 514	3,164 631
Total	2,436	3,153	3,589	3,795
Average Daily Census	64.2	76.6	86.3	89.4

The 89.4 average daily number of patients for the year speaks for itself. Inasmuch as the hospital was constructed to care for only eighty-eight patients, in order to meet the demands of this increased occupancy, beds, cribs, bassinets, and other furnishings have been crowded into spaces here and there as the demand necessitated. How we have managed to serve satisfactorily the community demands for hospital service in the face of a continued tightening employment scarcity is in itself a saga. Tribute is paid, here and now, to those loyal employees who made it possible for us to meet this demand. Flint-Goodridge has been no exception in sharing the general problems of manpower shortages brought on by the war emergency. Many hospital employees not taken by the armed forces, have been lured away to the higher salaries paid by industry and commercial establishments.

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#### THE MEDICAL STAFF

When we speak of hospitals, we must inevitably think of the members of the medical profession. Without them there could be no hospitals. On the other hand, the quality of work done by the members of the medical staff is one of the barometers by which the hospital is judged.

The staff is open—facilities of the hospital are available to any licensed, reputable physician who may bring his patient to Flint-Goodridge for care. Members of the active and consulting staff, composed of fifty-four physicians and four dentists, are appointed annually by the Trustees. In accordance with standards set by the American College of Surgeons, application for staff appointment is made by each man annually. This application is then approved by the Chief of the service and referred to the Medical Advisory Board for recommendation to the Trustees.

In spite of pressure of activity on physicians during this emergency, our staff men continue to devote some of their time to the hospital and the clinics, and perform other helpful acts on the wards. Beginning with April of 1944, three internsgraduates of Meharry Medical College—came as part of the house staff.

Monthly staff meetings have been held, at which scientific papers have been presented. Following are some of the subjects

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presented during 1944:

January — Cerebral Accidents

Drs. Rivers Frederick, R. E. Fullilove, Jr.,

J. M. Epps, W. R. Adams

February — The Diagnosis of Intestinal Obstruction by X-Ray Drs. J. N. Ane and Ernest Cherrie

March — The Wagner-Dingell-Murray Bill
Drs. Roy B. Harrison, A. V. Friedrichs,
Mr. J. L. Procope

May \_\_\_ The Clinical Significance of the Rh Factor Dr. W. N. Segre

June — Book Review, "Blood and Blood Substitutes"
by Mudd and Tolheimer
Dr. J. M. Epps

October - Nutrition and Vitamin Therapy-a Film by Squibb & Co.

November — Suprapubic Cystotomy preceding Urologic Operations
Dr. R. E. Fullilove, Jr.

The Monthly Reading Club, an organization of some of the men of the active staff, continued its scientific discussions throughout the year. Some of this year's subjects were:

- 1. A discussion and report of six cases of Sickle Cell
  Anemia treated at Flint-Goodridge Hospital in
  the Pediatric Department
  - Dr. W. N. Segre

    2. Discussion of Water Balance
    Drs. Thelma Y. Coffey, Ernest Carter,
    J. M. Epps
  - 3. Discussion on Thrombophlebitis and Case Reports
    Dr. J. M. Epps

4. The Role of Vitamins in Urology
Dr. R. E. Fullilove, Jr.

5. Non-engaged Fetal Head at Term

Dr. W. N. Segre

6. Field of Vision

Dr. Logan W. Horton

7. Discussion on Syphilis
Dr. C. H. D. Bowers

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January - Cerebral Accidents Mrs. Mivers Frederick, R. E. Milillove, Jr., J. M. Epps, W. R. Adams February - The Diagnosis of Intestinal Obstruction by K-Ray

Brs. J. N. Ame and Ernest Cherrie March -- The Wagner-Dingell-Murray Bill

Mrs. Roy B. Harrison, A. V. Friedrichs, Mr. J. L. Procope

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- J. M. Epps
  - 3. Discussion on Thrombophlebitis and Case Reports Dr. J. M. Epps
    - A. The Role of Vitamins in Urology Dr. R. E. Fullilove, Jr.
      - 5. Non-engaged Fetal Head at Term
        - Dr. W. N. Begre
      - b. Field of Vision
      - Dr. Logan W. Horton 7. Discussion on Syphilis
      - Dr. C. H. D. Bowers

#### THE MEDICAL STAFF ORGANIZATION

C. C. Haydel, President R. E. Fullilove, Jr., Vice-President Ernest Carter, Secretary

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

Musser, J. H., Consultant \*Archinard, J. J., Consultant St. Martin, M. E., Consultant DeLaureal, Boni, Consultant Jacobs, Sydney, Consultant

Bowers, C. H. D., Associate Chief Rhodes, Frederick, Senior Associate Sherrod, J. A., Senior Associate Taylor, Thaddeus, Senior Associate Murray, J. H., Junior Associate

#### DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY

Cohn, Isidore, Consultant Maes, Urban, Consultant Anderson, G. C., Consultant Frederick, Rivers, Chief Adams, W. R., Senior Associate Duncan, O. W., Senior Associate Epps, J. M., Senior Associate Haydel, C. C., Senior Associate Robinson, H. E., Senior Associate Robinson, P. T., Senior Associate

#### DEPARTMENT OF GYNECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS

Miller, H. E., Consultant \*Collins, C. G., Consultant Steiner, M. D., Consultant Davidson, N. R., Chief Carter, Ernest, Sen. Associate

Segre, W. N., Senior Associate Sheffield, J. O., Senior Associate Thomas, J. W., Senior Associate Vining, R. J., Senior Associate Coker, R. J., Junior Associate Coffey, T. Y., Senior Associate Hayes, T. D., Junior Associate Jimson, E. P., Senior Associate Jenkins, Henry, Junior Associate Huggins, H. H., Clinical Assistant

# DEPARTMENT OF PEDIATRICS

Bloom, C. J., Consultant Strange, J. E., Junior Consultant Mims, T. H., Senior Associate Segre, W. N., Senior Associate

# DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY

Vickery, E. B., Consultant Fullilove, R. E., Jr., Sen. Associate Donasier, J. J., Sen. Associate Scoggins, H. C., Clinical Assistant

# DEPARTMENT OF OTOLARYNGOLOGY

McComiskey, A. J., Consultant Horton, L. W., Chief

# DEPARTMENT OF OPTHALMOLOGY

Allgeyer, E. E., Consultant Blum, H. N., Consultant Horton, L. W., Chief

\*In the Armed Forces

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R. E. Fullilove, Jr., Vice-President Ernest Carter, Secretary

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

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#### DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY

Duncan, O. W., Senior Associate Epps, J. M., Senior Associate Raydel, C. C., Senior Associate Robinson, H. E., Senior Associate Robinson, P. T., Senior Associate Coin, Isidore, Consultant Mass, Urban, Consultant Anderson, G. G., Consultant Frederick, Rivers, Chief Adams, W. R., Senior Associate

#### DEPARTMENT OF CYNECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS

Miller, H. E., Consultant Segre, W. N., Senior Associate \*Collins, C. G., Consultant Sheffield, J. O., Senior Associate Steiner, M. D., Consultant Thomas, J. W., Senior Associate Davidson, N. R., Ohier Vining, R. J., Senior Associate Colley, T. Y., Senior Associate Hayes, T. D., Junior Associate Jimson, E. P., Senior Associate Jeskins, Henry, Junior Associate Huggins, H. R., Clinical Assistant

#### DEPARTMENT OF PEDIATRICS

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Bloom, C. J., Consultant Stronge, J. E., Junior

# DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY

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# DEPARTMENT OF OPTHALMOLOGY

Blum, H. N., Consultant Allgeyer, E. E., Consultant Horton, L. W., Chief

# \*In the Armed Forces

#### DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

Menville, L. J., Consultant

Cherrie, Ernest, Senior Associate

#### DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY

Friedrichs, A. V., Consultant

Holbrook, C. S., Consultant

DEPARTMENT OF DERMATOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ANAESTHESIA

\*Kennedy, Barrett, Consultant

Adriani, John, Consultant

#### DEPARTMENT OF DENTISTRY

Wahl, J. P., Consultant Booker, W. C., Associate Talbert, G. B., Associate Young, A. J., Associate

THE MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD

Musser, J. H., Chairman
Burbridge, L. T. Jarrett, Lewis E.
Cohn, Isidore Maes, Urban

its patrons, and that which the sick and injured receive in the

\*In the Armed Forces

Flint-Goodridge continues its interest in the professional development of the Negro doctor. The annual Postgraduate Course during June attracted thirty-six men from six states. Because of the difficulties of travel, and the great demands being made on physicians, our weekly seminars were not held during 1944.

For the future—we look forward to bettering and expanding our activities within the community. With the postwar emphasis on public health, we hope to add impetus to our fight on the three health liabilities of the Negro—tuberculosis, syphilis and maternal mortality. These three horsemen continue to ride roughshod over large segments of the Negro population.

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Menville, L. J., Consultant Ane, J. N., Junior Consultant Cherrie, Ernest, Senior Associate

DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

Friedrichs, A. V., Consultent Holbrook, C. S., Consultant

DEPARTMENT OF DEPMATOLOGY

"Mennedy, Barrett, Consultant

DEPARTMENT OF ANALSTHESIA

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY

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DEPARTMENT OF DENTISTRY

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# FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Sound principles of finance, careful scrutiny of expenditure, farsighted planning and efficient management are as essential to the success of a hospital as they are to that of a private enterprise. Before the end of each year, a general forecast is made of the expected hospital income and expenses for the following year. A budget is then prepared and submitted to the Trustees. After its approval, this budget is used as our guide for the year's financial transactions.

Early hospitals in France and other countries were called "Hotels Dieu"—Hotel of God. Speaking of hospitals as hotels and considering hospital costs, one is reminded of the great difference between the service the ordinary hotel gives its patrons, and that which the sick and injured receive in the "Hotel of God." The hotel guest pays a flat rate which covers only the privilege of occupying a room. In addition, he pays for meals served and any other special service he might desire.

The daily flat rate of the hospital covers a bed, general nursing care day and night, meals brought to the bedside, and various other routine care. Another factor to be considered is that whereas the customers of a hotel or other business pay for services in full, many hospital patients can pay only part, and some none at all. This has always constituted a great financial problem for hospitals.

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DEFICIT 12¢

COMMUNITY

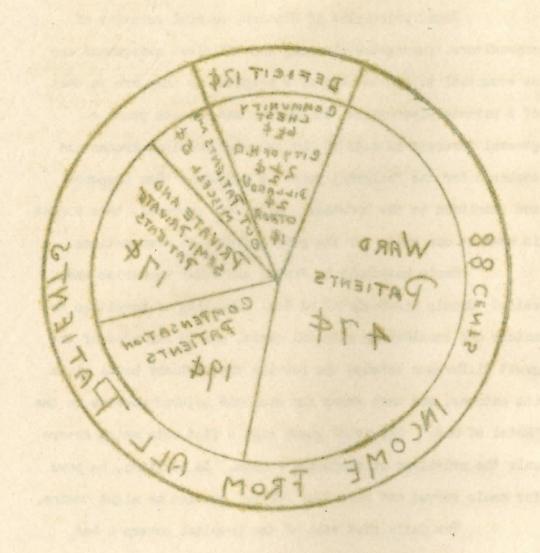
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WHERE THE FLINT- GOODRIDGE

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DOLLAR

CAME FROM IN 1944



WHERE THE FLINT- GOODRIDGE
DOLLAR
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Most voluntary hospitals maintain a higher percentage of private and semi-private rooms than they do of minimum-cost ward beds. They therefore are in a position to get sufficient revenue from these higher rate beds to absorb some of the losses on the wards. This is not so at Flint-Goodridge. Because of the economic level of the clientele we serve, we have always been forced to set aside a high percentage of our beds designated for ward service—part-pay or free. Our ward rate is \$4 per day, and the semi-private rate is \$5.50, whereas our average patient cost in 1944 was \$5.99 per day.

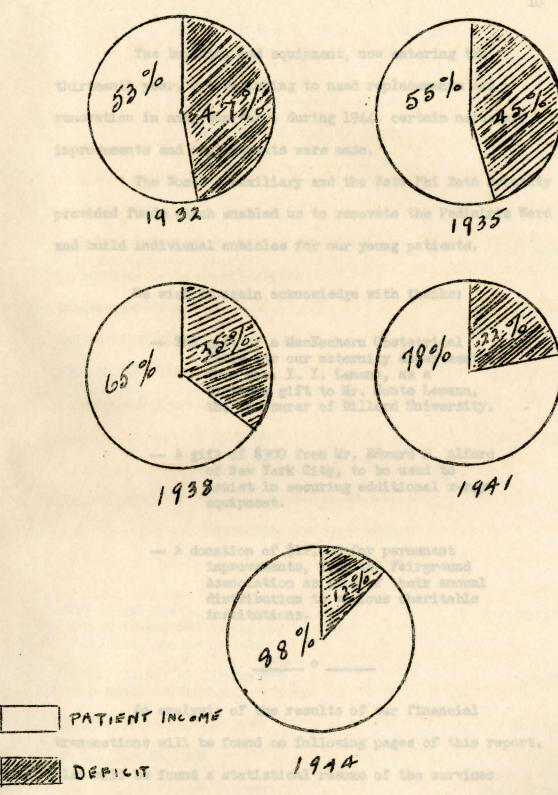
on the other hand, improved economic conditions and an increasing desire to use hospitals has contributed to our general increase in income from patients. Despite the more favorable showing in patient income, we realize that with the preponderance of our beds in wards, we must continue to plan ahead to meet the deficits which come from this situation. Some of this loss is always absorbed by the sale of special services. We must, however, continue to look to our contributors to meet part of this deficit.

We have cooperated with the government Emergency

Maternal and Infant Care Program for wives of service men. One
hundred seventy-eight wives came to us for confinement during the
year. One hundred forty-four patients, members of Hospital Service
Association of New Orleans, came to us for care during 1944.

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# GROWTH IN INCOME FROM PATIENTS



The above charts show the steady increase in percent in income received from patients. In 1932, the first year of occupancy in the new building, patients' earnings represented 53% of total income. This figure has risen each year. In 1944, the patient earnings was 88%, leaving a deficit of only 12% to be covered by contributors.

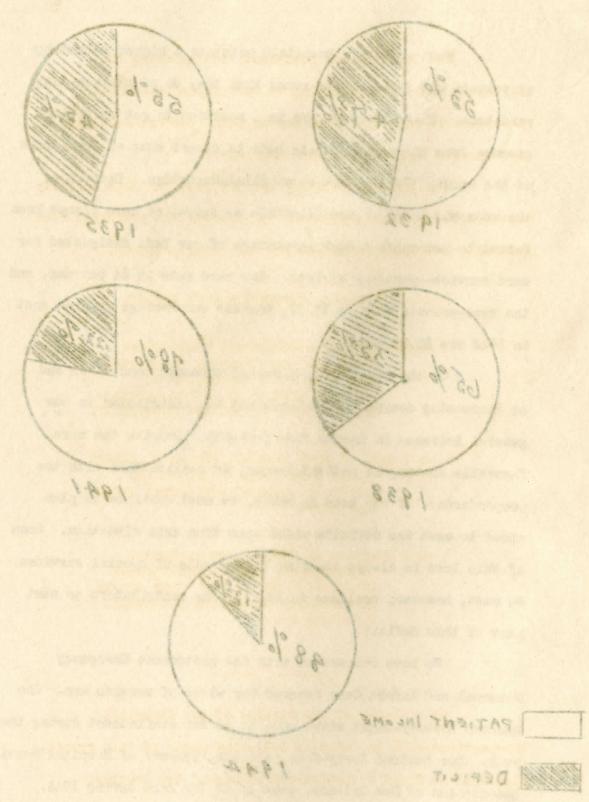
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The building and equipment, now entering the thirteenth year, are beginning to need replacements and renovation in many quarters; during 1944, certain necessary improvements and replacements were made.

The Women's Auxiliary and the Zeta Phi Beta Sorority provided funds which enabled us to renovate the Pediatric Ward and build individual cubicles for our young patients.

We wish to again acknowledge with thanks:

- The gift of a MacEachern Obstetrical
  Table for our maternity department
  from Mrs. I. I. Lemann, as a
  birthday gift to Mr. Monte Lemann,
  the Treasurer of Dillard University.
- A gift of \$300 from Mr. Edward B. Alford of New York City, to be used to assist in securing additional x-ray equipment.
- A donation of \$12,000 for permanent improvements, from the Fairground Association as part of their annual distribution to various charitable institutions.

An analysis of the results of our financial transactions will be found on following pages of this report.

Also will be found a statistical resume of the services rendered.

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 DECEMBER 31, 1944

THIS IS WHAT WE OWNED

CASH IN BANK and on Hand.....

\$ 6,395.42

12,778.22

DUE TO US FROM PATIENTS.

After deducting amount believed to be uncollectible

1,512.57

VALUE OF SUPPLIES in Storeroom...

4,720.04

RESTRICTED FUNDS - In Bank.....
Legacies, Special Funds and
Gifts for Special Projects

12,846.77

TOTAL

\$38,253.02

THESE WERE OUR OBLIGATIONS

OWED TO MERCHANTS....

For Services and Supplies Purchased during December \$ 8,849.01

DUE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT....
For Employee Withholding Taxes

707.96

GROUP HOSPITALIZATION FUND

982.06

SOCIAL SERVICE FUND

59.35

TOTAL

\$10,598.38

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1.66

\$160,828,

# DECEMBER 31, 1944

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# WHAT WE RECEIVED IN 1944, 1943 AND 1941 AND HOW WE USED IT

THIS IS WHAT WE RECEIVED

	1944	1943	1941
VALUE OF CHARGES TO PATIENTS Less Amount of Free Service	\$176,234.19 21,647.12	\$146,398.14 18,140.62	\$98,546.58 31,337.88
INCOME FROM PATIENTS	\$154,587.07	\$128,257.52	\$67,208.70
OTHER SUNDRY INCOME	5,885.04	11,653.85	4,317.64
CONTRIBUTIONS:			
Community Chest	12,000.00	12,000.00	9,000.00
City of New Orleans	5,000.00	3,000.00	3.000.00
Sundry	927.08	644.19	268.34
Dillard University	4,020.47	5,000.00	9,000.00
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$ 21,947.55	\$ 20,644.19	\$21,268.34
TOTAL	\$182,419.66	\$160,555.56	\$92,794.68

# THIS IS WHAT WE SPENT

ADMINISTRATION	\$ 14,504.03	\$ 13,264.34	\$10,901.30
FOOD SERVICE	42,730.81	37,889.21	19,173.37
HOUSEKEEPING & PROPERTY	37,679.67	30,515.65	24,465.80
NURSING CARE	41,261.96	32,355.44	16,131.10
OTHER PROFESSIONAL CARE	46,243.19	46,804.26	22,077.43
TOTAL	\$182,419.66	\$160,828.90	\$92,749.00

# WHAT WE RECEIVED IN 1944, 1943 AND 1941 AND HOW WE USED IT

THIS IS WHAT WE RECEIVED

1941	1943	1944	
\$98,546.58	\$146,398.14	\$176,234.19	VALUE OF CHARGES TO PATIENTS Less Amount of Free Service
\$67,208.70	\$128,257.52	\$154,587.07	INCOME THOM PATIENTS
4,317:64	11,653.85	5,885.04	OTHER SUNDRY INCOME
9,000.00 3,000.00 268.34 9,000.00	12,000.00 3,000.00 644.19 5,000.00	32,000.00 5,000.00 927.08 4,020.47	CONTRIBUTIONS: Community Chest City of New Orleans Sundry Dillerd University
\$21,268.34	\$ 20,644.19	\$ 21,947.55	TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS
\$92,794.68	\$160,555.56	\$182,419.66	JATOT

THIS IS WHAT WE SPENT

\$10,901.30	\$ 13,264.34	\$ 14,504.03	ALMINISTRATION
19,173.37	37,889.21	42,730.81	FOOD SERVICE
24,465.80	30,515.65	37,679.67	HOUSEKEEPING & PROPERTY
16,131.10	32,355.44	41,261.96	NURSING CARE
22,077.43	46,804.26	46,243.19	OTHER PROFESSIONAL CARE
\$92,749.00	\$160,828.90	\$182,419.66	INTOT

#### WHERE DOES THE HOSPITAL DOLLAR GOT

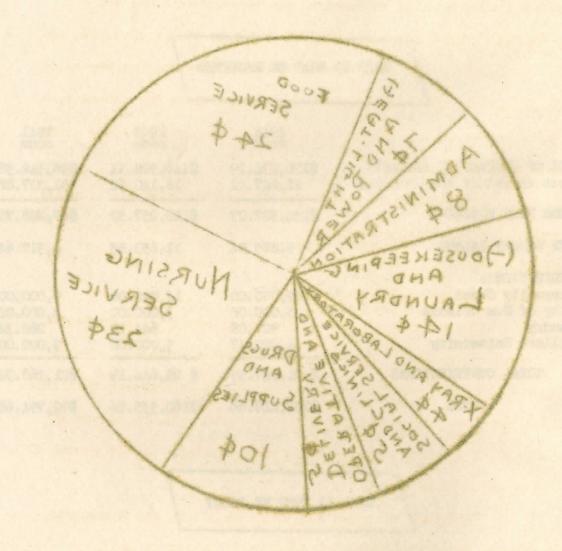
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TONSERVER PINGS

AND TONSERVER

The above chart shows how the hospital dollar was spent in 1944

BEEER DOES THE HOSPITAL DOLLAR GOT



The above chart shows how the hospital dollar was spent in 1944

# CALORIES AND VITAMINS

The dietary department provided 165,000 well-balanced meals during the year to hospital patients, nurses and other personnel. This task has taxed the energies of our dietitian and her assistants. The diet kitchen is one of the busiest places in the hospital. Here are planned the special diets for patients, and here the student nurses receive training in the various diets and regulation cooking.

Preparing vast quantities of food for hundreds of meals each day fully taxes the equipment of the dietary department—stove, steam table, refrigerators, pots and pans, silver service and china ware—and our manpower.

We are ever mindful of the therapeutic value of food—all food is carefully selected, and carefully prepared. Choice meat is secured, and fresh vegetables purchased whenever available. Last year, we used—among other food supplies—31,000 pounds of meat, 5,700 gallons of milk, 750 quarts of cream, 16,000 pounds of bread and 4,000 dozen eggs.

Despite food shortages in markets here and there, our dietitian was able to make satisfactory adjustments and substitutions of her diets to cover all needs. The few articles that have disappeared from the market were not felt so keenly because of the abundance of substitutes. The pleased response of patients and personnel alike to our food service is in itself an accolade to our dietary personnel.

# CALORIES AND VITAMINS

The dietary department provided 165,000 well-balanced meals during the year to hospital patients, nurses and other personnel. This task has taxed the energies of our dietitian and her assistants. The diet kitchen is one of the busiest places in the hospital. Here ere planned the special diets for patients, and here the student nurses receive training in the various diets and regulation cooking.

Preparing vast quantities of food for hundreds of meals each day fully taxes the equipment of the dietary department—stove, steem table, refrigerators, pots and pans, silver service and chins were—and our manpower.

We are ever mindful of the therapeutic value of food—
all food is carefully selected, and carefully prepared. Choice
meat is secured, and fresh vegetables purchased whenever available.
Last year, we used—among other food supplies—31,000 pounds of
meat, 5,700 gallons of milk, 750 quarts of creem, 16,000 pounds of
bread and 4,000 dozen eggs.

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# SOCIAL SERVICE & CLINICS

One of the most important functions of the hospital is performed by the Social Service Department. The changed economic condition of our clinic clientele has made more active social service participation in the out-patient clinics necessary.

Clinic patients, last year, amounted to 7,135. They made total visits of 32,274—a decline from the figures of the preceding year. Despite this decline, close scrutiny had to be made of those who did apply, and adjustments were made in the scale of financial eligibility to meet the changing economic times.

Careful interviewing of patients is reflected in the reduced number of clinic cases, as well as a reduced number of free and part-pay admissions to hospital beds.

wartime programs. They were particularly active in securing emergency maternal and child welfare service for many of our patients; it participated in various community projects sponsored by other hospitals, and the director served on various committees. Of particular significance was the appointment of one of the social workers as secretary for the Wartime and Reconstruction Service Committee sponsored by the American Association of Medical Social Workers. The director of the Social Service Department also served as lecturer in the Dillard University School of Nursing.

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# WOMEN IN WHITE

Nineteen forty-four saw our average daily bed occupancy go up to 89.4-slightly higher than the previous year's average. The largest number of patients in the hospital any one day during the year was one hundred fifteen. Although the number of patients cared for was only slightly in excess of those cared for the previous year, problems of nursing service were greatly increased with the diminishing number of available graduate nurses. In order to alleviate some of these problems, we trained and employed a group of young women as nursing attendants. These women have proved very efficient, and work immediately under the supervision of the regular ward supervisors. In spite of a decrease in the number of available graduate nurses, and the consequent increased responsibility of the head nurses, some of the latter have gladly taken on the added responsibility of the teaching and supervision of the student nurses and volunteer workers.

# Nursing Education

The average person takes the hospital nurse for granted.

When the hospital is mentioned, the vision of a spic and span

white uniform immediately comes to mind. Very seldom is the

person aware of the technical and specialized training the student

must undergo before she becomes a graduate nurse.

The Division of Nursing of Dillard University offers a four and one-half year program leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Nursing. The students live on the university campus

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and receive their academic work at the university. The clinical or professional phase of the course covers the last two and one-half years. This experience is provided by Flint-Goodridge Hospital, Charity Hospital, and the Hume Day Nursery in New Orleans. Psychiatric nursing experience is secured at the Homer G. Phillips Hospital in St. Louis, and experience in Public Health nursing is gained through an affiliation with the New Orleans Health Department. The total enrollment in 1944 was one hundred four, twenty-three of this number being in the clinical phase of their work. All

#### WOMEN'S AUXILIARY

Women have cared for the sick and injured in the household for generations. Even today, when sickness invades the average home, it is the woman who assumes responsibility for the care of the patient, or, when necessary, prepares him for removal to a hospital. Today, hospitals more and more are taking over the care of injuries and illnesses which were formerly treated at home, and it is natural that modern women should take an active interest in hospitals.

Our Auxiliary was organized by Mrs. M. E. Burbridge and a group of public-spirited women soon after the opening of the new Flint-Goodridge Hospital building. Mrs. Burbridge served as president for nearly twelve years, retiring in 1944 to be succeeded by Mrs. Dixie Sanders Harney.

The object of the group is to be informed about the

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hospital activities, and to be good-will ambassadors for the hospital. Also—and not least—to render aid, provide service and funds to carry out some projects. All of this they do.

The funds raised by payment of dues, or by projects undertaken by the Auxiliary, do not go into the general fund of the hospital, but are the property of the Auxiliary, to be appropriated to such hospital uses as the Auxiliary directs.

Early in 1944, the Auxiliary made the following appropriations as its major projects for the year:

Surgical Instruments for Operating Room	\$200.00
Social Service Department for Drugs and	
Incidentals for Indigent Patients	150.00
Pediatric Department Renovation	75.00
Gas Range for Nurses' Residence	60.00

In addition, the Auxiliary sponsors the National Hospital Day celebration, and gives a Christmas party for the children patients in the hospital and for those registered in the out-patient clinic.

The Auxiliary does most of its work through committees.

The Sewing Committee served at intervals throughout the year making gauze masks, instrument pan covers, surgical sheets, operating gowns, and did mending when necessary. The Workroom Committee was divided into many groups which came to the hospital weekly and monthly to fold surgical dressings. Chairmen of these groups are:

Mrs. A. V. Boutte Mrs. Elnora Hayes Mrs. Varice Henry Mrs. Gaynell Porter

The 1944 membership drive was under the direction of Mrs. Daisy

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Meyers and Mrs. Mildred Sorrell. They did an exceptionally fine piece of work, bringing in the largest membership in the history of the organization—841 paid members.

The officers, executive committee, and committee chairmen are as follows:

Mrs. Dixie S. Harney, President
Mrs. Daisy Meyers, Vice-President
Mrs. Mildred Sorrell, Vice-President
Mrs. Maud Misshore
Mrs. Bernice Farley, Ass't Secretary
Mrs. Vivian Antoine, Treasurer

Mrs. M. E. Burbridge
Mrs. Ennest Cherrie
Mrs. Maud Misshore
Mrs. Eloise Thornhill
Mrs. Ruby Vandage

Mrs. Hattie Mays, Hospitality Committee
Mrs. A. S. Dejoie, Hospital Day Committee
Mrs. Emile Meine, Sewing Committee

# Friendly Service - Congregational and Christian Churches

Another group of women, members of the Congregational and Christian Churches throughout the country, remembers us in annual benefactions of money, supplies, and hundreds of miscellaneous items needed by the hospital. These women have been thoughtful and practical in their donations. Packages have included such things as bed linen, table linen, toys for tots, bath robes for convalescents, games for the nearly-well, and layettes for the newly born.

Many of these gifts come from isolated and small congregations in many parts of the United States, from Maine to Texas, and from the State of Washington to Florida. Some of these things come as a result of weekly or monthly sewing circles; some as the result of church bazaars.

Mrs. M. E. Burbridge

Mrs. Ernest Cherrie

Mrs. Eloise Thornhill

Mrs. Mand Misshore

Mrs. Ruby Vandage

SOME PRESENT
AND FUTURE NEEDS

Hospital equipment in constant use needs frequent replacement. Here are some of the things urgently needed at Flint-Goodridge to round out its service, and to meet the demands of a growing health consciousness on the part of our community:

AN X-RAY THERAPY UNIT .... Cost .... \$9000

We would be able to serve a large number

of patients whom we must now refer to

other agencies or to private laboratories.

THREE ELECTRICALLY-HEATED FOOD CARTS .. Cost ..... \$1500
At present, we serve food to patients
from unheated carts. Too often, the
last patients to be served do not get
hot food. They cost \$500 each.

FIFTEEN OVERBED TABLES .... Cost .... \$ 600

Our service to patients in semi-private rooms would be improved if we had this equipment. They cost approximately \$40 each.

ONE ELECTRO-SURGICAL UNIT .... Cost .... \$ 600
For Operating Room

TWO SAFETY LABOR BEDS .... Cost .... \$ 200
The beds are specially designed for
women in labor. Cost is approximately
\$100 each.

ONE HEAVY DUTY BREAST PUMP .... Cost ... \$ 100
TWO INFRA-RED LAMPS, each \$50 .... Cost ... \$ 100
TWO DRESSING CARTS, each \$100 .... Cost ... \$ 200
ONE ANAESTHESIA STRETCHER .... Cost ... \$ 110
ONE OPERATING ROOM SPOTLIGHT .... Cost ... \$ 200

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1.00	8	****	Cost	HEAVY DUTY BREAST FUMP	ONE
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200	400	*****	Cost	DRESSING CARTS, each \$100	OWT
110	40	*****	Cost	ANAESTHESIA STRETCHER	ONE
COS	\$		Jaco	OPERATING ROOM SPOTILIGHT	ONE

SOME	PERTINENT	FIGURES
-	-	-

	1941	1942	1943	1944
1. Miscellaneous Statistics				
Births	359	560	527	649
Deaths	49	75	93	98
Percentage Post Mortems	9.3	13.2	46.9	34.6
Surgical Operations	1,008	1,048	1,351	1,427
X-Ray Pictures Laboratory Tests	3,141 29,037	28,991	2,035	26,803
Emergency Patients	1,881	2,262	1,894	1,996
Average Daily Census	64.2	76.6	86.3	89.4
Per Diem Cost	\$3.59	\$4.30	\$5.19	\$5.99
Clinic Cost	37¢	41.54	48¢	70¢
Uralogy	296	261	201	
2. Hospital Patients				
Workmen's Compensation	323	561	746	545
Crippled Children	95	74	48	8
Other Full Pay	561	762	1,134	1,809
Part Pay	424	723	931	546
New Born	348	543	514	631
6. Free Plates	675	490	216	256
Total	2,426	3,153	3,589	3,795
Opphilis				
3. Hospital Patients by Service	8			
Basesane	2,526	2,300	1,248	1,000
Medicine	257	246	361	324
Surgery	1,135	1,503	1,314	1,288
Gynecology & Obstetrics Pediatrics	463	660	1,135	1,401
New Born	348	543	514	631
Other	223	201	265	151
Destal		0.150	0 500	2 000
Total	2,426	3,153	3,589	3,795
Total				
4. Days of Care Given				
Workmen's Compensation	3,022	4,663	6,942	5,954
Crippled Children	3,618	3,188	2,127	440
Other Full Pay	4,689	5,574	8,445	14,411
Part Pay	3,274	6,006	7,577	4,323
New Born		THE PERSON	7 577	1 (12)
	2,190	3,546	3,522	4,031
Free	6,651	4,907	2,370	3,497

FIGURES	SOME PERTINENT

7761	1943	1012	1941	
Charles Control	Transference and the second	1942	747.7	
				1. Miscellaneous Statistics
673	527	560	359	Births
86	93	Sh	67	Deaths
34.6	46.9	13.2	9.3	Percentage Post Mortems
1.5427	1,351	1,048	1,008	Surgical Operations
1,872	2,035	2,470	3,141	X-Ray Pictures
26,803	22,856	166,82	29,037	Laboratory Tests
1,996	768 1	2,262	1,881	Emergency Patients
4.68	86.3	76.6	64.2	Average Daily Census
\$5.99	\$5.19	\$4.30	\$3.59	Per Diem Cost
401	\$87	41.50	37¢	Clinic Cost
				2. Hospital Patients
313	N. 100	The same of the sa	The second	The state of the s
545	974	295	323	Workmen's Compensetion
1,809	48	74	95	Crippled Children
276	1,134	762	561	Other Full Pay
631	775	723	348	Part Pay
256	216	067	642	New Born
Marin Marinesia	(MONTH CONTRACTOR	distributions.	Non-constitutes	Free
3,795	3,589	3,153	2,426	Total
			39	3. Hospital Patients by Service
324	361	246		The state of the s
1,288	1,314	1,503	257	Medicine
1,401	1,135	660	463	Surgery Cynecology & Obstetrics
				Pediatrics
631	514	543	348	New Born
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Triponensis.	TOTAL SECTION .	Military	*oresidentesas	of the black and
3,795	3,589	3,153	2,426	fatoT
				4. Days of Care Gives
120 %				administration processing process companions
5,954	6,942	4,663	3,022	Workmen's Compensation
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4,031	3,522	3,546	3,274	Part Pay
3,497	2,370	4,907	2,190	isw Born
Militaria	specialistics of the second	and the	wantemannin	Free
32,656	30,983	27,884	23,444	LatoT

many successful and the second successful and the

	1941	1942	1943	1944
5. Individuals Admitted to Each Clinic				
General Medicine Syphilis Tuberculosis Surgery Dermatology Pediatrics Gynecology Obstetrics Urology	4,720 1,645 204 767 85 766 431 419 296 404	3,855 2,073 222 651 72 945 329 538 261 285	3,274 2,532 73 443 43 746 182 329 201 169	2,643 2,053 64 396 40 631 170 296 190
Ear, Nose and Throat Eye Dental Special	371 715 1,715	259 481 619	189 258 210	180 206 116
Total	12,538	10,590	8,649	7,135
6. Clinic Visits				
General Medicine Syphilis Tuberculosis Dermatology Surgery Pediatrics Gynecology Obstetrics Urology Ear, Nose and Throat Eye Dental Special	8,082 28,397 1,154 340 2,526 2,180 1,504 2,067 2,296 1,661 2,231 1,344 1,720 55,502	6,279 28,181 1,065 206 2,100 2,814 1,086 2,915 1,804 1,230 1,343 968 619 50,610	3,794 40,426 347 187 1,248 2,856 443 1,985 1,219 621 889 547 214	2,629 22,127 179 105 1,006 2,052 416 1,178 840 622 611 393 116 32,274
7. Average Days Stay				
All Patients Workmen's Compensation Other Full Pay Crippled Children Part Pay Free	9.7 9.3 8.4 37.9 7.7 9.8	8.8 8.3 7.3 43.0 9.3 10.2	8.5 9.3 7.4 44.1 8.1 10.9	8.6 10.9 8.1 55.0 7.9 13.8

7761	1943	1942	1961	
				5. Individuals Admitted to Each Clisic
2,643 2,053 64 396 40 631 170 296 190	3,274 2,532 73 443 443 746 182 329 329	3,855 2,073 222 651 72 945 945 538 259 261	4,720 1,645 204 767 766 431 431	General Medicine Syphilis Therculosis Surgery Dermatology Pedictrics Gynecology Obstetrics
150 206 116 7,135	1.69 2.58 2.58 2.10 2.10	285 289 481 619 619	296 371 715 715 1,715	Urology Ear, Nose and Throat Eye Dental Special
	4.00 4.00 3.70	19.5	7.00 65.0 10.00	6. Clinic Visits
2,629 179 105 1,006 2,052 416 416 622 641 641 393 32,274	3,794 347 347 1,248 2,856 1,248 1,985 1,219 1,219 621 547 547 54,776	6,279 28,181 2,065 2,100 2,814 2,915 1,086 1,230 1,230 1,343 1,343 619 619	8,082 1,154 2,154 2,526 2,526 2,180 2,267 1,504 2,296 1,661 2,296 1,561 2,296 1,561 2,296 1,561	General Medicine Syphilis Tuberculosis Dermatology Surgery Pediatrics Gynecology Obstetrics Urology Ear, Nose and Throat Eye Special Special
8.6 10.9 8.1 7.9 13.8	8.5 9.3 44.1 44.1 10.9	8.8 8.3 7.3 7.3 43.0 9.3	9.7 9.3 37.9 7.7 9.8	7. Average Days Stay All Patients Workmen's Compensation Other Full Pay Crippled Children Part Pay Free

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Alfred Lippmen, Chief Accountant
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Mrs. Bernice C. Farley, Director of Social Service
Miss Vesta C. Hurley, Dietitian
Mrs. E. Lyons Baker, Anaesthetist
T. R. Williams, Pharmacist
L. A. Johnson, Medical Records Librarian

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Dr. L. T. Reid, Resident

Dr. H. G. LaBranche, Intern

Dr. C. P. Dapremont, Ass't Resident Dr. Wallace Capel, Intern

Dr. G. W. Diggs, Intern Dr. Lula B. Stewart, Intern

